OPEN MEETING ITEM

COMMISSIONERS
KRISTIN K. MAYES – Chairman
GARY PIERCE
PAUL NEWMAN
SANDRA D. KENNEDY
BOB STUMP





ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

ORIGINAL

DATE:

APRIL 27, 2010

DOCKET NO.:

S-20605A-08-0377

Arizona Corporation Commission

DOCKETED

APR 27 2010

DOCKETED BY

TO ALL PARTIES:

Enclosed please find the recommendation of Administrative Law Judge Marc E. Stern. The recommendation has been filed in the form of an Opinion and Order on:

RICHARD BRADFORD AND CINDY BRADFORD AKA CINDY WHITE (RECONSIDERATION OF DECISION NO. 70544)

Pursuant to A.A.C. R14-3-110(B), you may file exceptions to the recommendation of the Administrative Law Judge by filing an original and thirteen (13) copies of the exceptions with the Commission's Docket Control at the address listed below by <u>4:00</u> p.m. on or before:

MAY 6, 2010

The enclosed is <u>NOT</u> an order of the Commission, but a recommendation of the Administrative Law Judge to the Commissioners. Consideration of this matter has <u>tentatively</u> been scheduled for the Commission's Open Meeting to be held on:

MAY 13, 2010

For more information, you may contact Docket Control at (602) 542-3477 or the Hearing Division at (602) 542-4250. For information about the Open Meeting, contact the Executive Director's Office at (602) 542-3931.

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1	BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION					
2	<u>COMMISSIONERS</u>					
3	KRISTIN K. MAYES, Chairman					
4	GARY PIERCE PAUL NEWMAN					
5	SANDRA D. KENNEDY BOB STUMP					
6	IN THE MATTER OF:	DOCKET NO. S-20605A-08-0377				
7 8	RICHARD BRADFORD (CRD #2706290) and CINDY BRADFORD (a.k.a. Cindy White), husband and wife,	DECISION NO.				
9	Respondents.	OPINION AND ORDER				
10	DATE OF STATUS CONFERENCE:	September 4, 2008				
11	DATE OF PROCEDURAL CONFERENCE:	April 7, 2009				
12	DATE OF HEARING:	July 7, 2009				
13	PLACE OF HEARING:	Phoenix, Arizona				
14	ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:	Marc E. Stern				
15 16	APPEARANCES:	Ms. Cindy L. White, in propria persona; and				
17		Mr. Phong (Paul) Huynh, Staff Attorney on behalf of the Securities Division of the Arizona Corporation Commission.				
18	BY THE COMMISSION:	1				
19	On July 23, 2008, the Securities Division ("Division") of the Arizona Corporation					
20	Commission ("Commission") filed a Notice of Opportunity for Hearing ("Notice") against Richard					
21	Bradford and Cindy Bradford White (aka Cindy White), husband and wife (collectively					
22	"Respondents") ¹ , in which the Division alleged Mr. Bradford had committed multiple violations of					
23	the Arizona Securities Act ("Act") and the Investment Management Act ("IM Act") in connection					
24	with the offer and sale of securities in the form of investment contracts. Hereafter, Ms. White may be					
25	referred to as "Respondent Spouse" and was joined in this action pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2031(C)					

¹ Prior to the Notice being filed in this proceeding, on December 18, 2007, Mr. Bradford filed a Petition for Dissolution of Marriage from Mrs. Bradford. Their marriage was dissolved on March 3, 2008, by the Maricopa County Superior Court at which time Mrs. Bradford was restored to her former name of White.

solely for purposes for determining the liability of the marital community.

Respondents were duly served with copies of the Notice.

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hearing in her letter.

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Mr. Bradford did not request a hearing.

On August 11, 2008, by Procedural Order, in order to determine Ms. White's intentions in the matter, a status conference was scheduled on September 4, 2008.

been divorced from Respondent Richard Bradford on March 3, 2008. Ms. White did not request a

On August 6, 2008, Respondent Spouse filed a letter in the docket indicating that she had

On September 4, 2008, a status conference was held to determine the status of the proceeding. The Division appeared with counsel and Ms. White appeared on her own behalf. The proceeding was recessed for further discussions between the Division and Ms. White.

On October 8, 2008, the Commission issued Decision Nos. 70544 and 70545, a Consent Order involving Ms. White and a Default Order involving Mr. Bradford, respectively.

On February 23, 2009, Ms. White filed a letter with the Commission stating that she was a victim of this proceeding and that she wanted Decision No. 70544 dismissed.

On March 4, 2009, Ms. White filed a letter requesting that the Commission reconsider Decision No. 70544 with respect to her Consent Order. She further indicated she wished to request a hearing.

On March 19, 2009, the Division filed a Motion to schedule a procedural conference to discuss the possible reconsideration of Decision No. 70544.

On March 20, 2009, by Procedural Order, a procedural conference was scheduled to determine the status of the proceeding.

On April 7, 2009, a procedural conference was convened with the Division represented by counsel and Ms. White appeared on her own behalf. The Division and Ms. White discussed the nature of the reconsideration of Decision No. 70544. Ms. White further requested that a hearing be scheduled if the matter was not resolved in the interim.

On April 8, 2009, by Procedural Order, a hearing was scheduled on July 7, 2009, with respect to the reconsideration of Decision No. 70544.

On July 7, 2009, a full public hearing was convened before a duly authorized Administrative Law Judge of the Commission at its offices in Phoenix, Arizona. The Division was present with counsel and Ms. White appeared on her own behalf. At the conclusion of the proceeding, the matter was taken under advisement pending the submission of a Recommended Opinion and Order to the Commission. The parties agreed that any closing briefs be filed by August 31, 2009.

On August 28, 2009, the Division filed a Motion to extend the time for filing its brief until September 21, 2009.

On August 31, 2009, during a teleconference with the Division's attorney and Ms. White it was agreed that the Division would make its filing by September 30, 2009, and Ms. White would have until October 30, 2009, to file her response, if she wished to do so. By Procedural Order, the Division's Motion for an extension for the filing of its closing brief on September 30, 2009, was granted and Ms. White was afforded a similar extension until October 30, 2009, to file her response.

On September 23, 2009, the Division filed its closing brief.

On October 28, 2009, an attorney for Ms. White filed a Motion to Extend Deadline for Answering Brief until November 16, 2009, since he had been retained only recently. In the Motion counsel for Ms. White indicated that the Division did not object his request for a brief extension.

On October 29, 2009, by Procedural Order, counsel for Ms. White was granted until November 16, 2009, to file a response to the Division's closing brief.

On November 16, 2009, a closing brief was filed on behalf of Ms. White.

* * * * * * * * * *

Having considered the entire record herein and being fully advised in the premises, the Commission finds, concludes, and orders that:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- Ms. White is an individual who, at all relevant times herein, was a resident of Maricopa County, Arizona.
- 2. On March 3, 2008, pursuant to a Consent Decree of Dissolution of Marriage ("Decree"), Ms. White was divorced from Mr. Bradford in case No. FM2007-092470 in the Maricopa

County Superior Court. (Ex. R-10)

3. Under the terms of the Superior Court Decree, it is stated as follows:

Husband shall pay and assume sole responsibility for, and shall indemnify and hold Wife harmless from the following debts:

- All debts incurred by husband alone, to specifically include: Barracuda Group, LLC; and Fishing Partners-Salmon, LLC.
- b. All credit card debt in husband's name alone to specifically include cards with Wells Fargo, Household Bank and First Premier Bank.
- c. All debt associated with Husband's business which includes but not limited to the American Express credit card.
- 4. Under the terms of the Decree, Ms. White was to pay and assume sole responsibility for all debts incurred by her alone, all credit card debt in her name alone and any debt associated with her automobile. (Ex. R-10)
- 5. On July 23, 2008, the Division filed a Notice against Richard and Cindy Bradford in which the Division alleged multiple violations of the Act with respect to the offer and sale of securities in the form of investment contracts. In the Notice, it was alleged that the offer and sales activities had been conducted solely by Mr. Bradford, and it was further alleged that Respondent Spouse had been joined in the proceeding pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2031(C) solely for purposes of determining the liability of the marital community.
 - 6. Respondents were duly served with copies of the Notice.
 - 7. Respondent Richard Bradford did not request a hearing.
- 8. On August 6, 2008, Ms. White filed a letter in the docket indicating that she had been divorced from Respondent Bradford on March 3, 2008. Ms. White did not request a hearing in her letter.
- 9. On August 11, 2008, by Procedural Order, a status conference was scheduled in order to determine whether Ms. White had intended to request a hearing.
- 10. On September 4, 2008, the Division appeared with counsel and Ms. White appeared on her own behalf at the status conference to determine whether she wished to proceed with a hearing or to pursue a solution to the proceeding in another manner. Subsequently, the proceeding was recessed for further discussions between the Division and Ms. White.

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- On October 8, 2008, the Commission issued Decision Nos. 70544 and 70545, a 11. Consent Order involving Ms. White and a Default Order involving Mr. Bradford, respectively. In both Commission Orders, the marital community was held liable for Mr. Bradford's violations of the Act and the IM Act.
- On February 23, 2009, Ms. White filed a letter with the Commission in which she 12. stated she was a victim of the proceeding and she requested Decision No. 70544 be dismissed. She stated that she had believed that by signing the Consent Order she would be granted immunity from any liability as a result of the proceeding. She further indicated she had helped in the investigation of Mr. Bradford by calling the police and cooperating with the Division.
- 13. On March 4, 2009, Ms. White filed a letter and requested that the Commission reconsider Decision No. 70544 with respect to her Consent Order and further requested a hearing.
 - 14. Subsequently, a hearing was held pursuant to Ms. White's request.
- 15. The Notice alleged that from on or about March 1, 2006, through November 30, 2007, Mr. Bradford had offered and sold unregistered securities in the form of investment contracts within or from Arizona. During that time, Mr. Bradford and Ms. White were married.²
- 16. With the issuance of Decision No. 70545 (a Default Order), with respect to Mr. Bradford, the Commission made specific findings and concluded that he had violated both the Act and the IM Act with the fraudulent offer and sale of unregistered securities as an unregistered dealer or salesman and that he had not been registered as either an Investment Advisor or an Investment Advisor Representative. Additionally, the Commission found and concluded that beginning on or about March 1, 2006, six investors had invested with Mr. Bradford in a "Hedge Fund" which he had operated which was called Fishing Partners-Salmon, LLC ("FPS") and that the investors had invested at least \$1,298,416 based on Mr. Bradford's fraudulent representations guaranteeing the investments and promising returns of at least 20 percent.
- 17. Further, in Decision No. 70545, the Commission found that Mr. Bradford was acting for his own benefit and for the benefit and in furtherance of the marital community and further

According to the Decree of Mr. Bradford and Ms. White, they were married in Las Vegas, Nevada on February 14. 2003. (Ex. R-10)

concluded that the marital community was bound pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 25-214 and 25-215.

- 18. The Commission, in Decision No. 70545, ordered Mr. Bradford to cease and desist from his violations of the Act and the IM Act now and in the future and ordered him to pay restitution in the amount of \$1,298,416, plus interest at the rate of 10 percent per annum from the date of the investment. The Commission further ordered Mr. Bradford to pay administrative penalties in the amount of \$100,000 which amount also accrued interest at a rate of 10 percent.
- 19. In issuing Decision No. 70544 with respect to Ms. White, the Commission found that she was joined in the action pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-2031(C) and 44-3291(C) solely for purposes of determining the liability of the marital community. Decision No. 70544 further found that Mr. Bradford had been acting for his own benefit and for the benefit and in furtherance of the marital community citing the Commission's Decision No. 70545 against Mr. Bradford and the Commission's Order for him to pay restitution and administrative penalties pursuant to law.
- 20. The Commission further concluded that Mr. Bradford's conduct bound the marital community pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 25-214 and 24-215.
- 21. Based on the Commission's Findings, Conclusions of Law, and Ms. White's consent to the entry of the Commission's Order in Decision No. 70544, the Commission ordered the marital community held liable as a result of Mr. Bradford's violations of the Act and the IM Act ordering Respondent Spouse to jointly and severally pay, with Mr. Bradford, restitution in the amount of \$1,298,416 and also pay an administrative penalty in the amount of \$100,000.
- 22. At the hearing in July, to explain the Division's position with respect to the liability of the Respondents' marital community arising from Mr. Bradford's violations of the Act, the Division called as witnesses, Mr. Ronald Baran, a special investigator with the Division, and Mr. John Fink, Chief Accountant of Enforcement who qualified to testify as an expert witness. The Division also caused a subpoena to issue to Ms. White to question her during the proceeding.
- 23. Mr. Baran described Mr. Bradford's formation of FPS and his opening a trading account at Scottrade, an on-line brokerage firm, where Mr. Bradford, as the managing member of FPS, would trade in investments for the fund on behalf of its members. (Tr. at p. 25-26)
 - 24. Mr. Baran described the FPS trading activities which occurred between March 2006

and November 2007 and were conducted by Mr. Bradford.

- 25. As part of Mr. Baran's investigation, he subpoenaed records from Wells Fargo Bank and also obtained the records of Scottrade and Chase Bank. According to Scottrade records, Mr. Bradford was the sole signatory on the Scottrade checking account.
- 26. While testifying, Mr. Baran read into the record a portion of Mr. Bradford's examination under oath ("EUO") where Mr. Bradford had identified a check from the FPS Scottrade account number 1020, in the amount of \$7,269 which he had written to IndyMac Bank for a rental payment on a home on Pinnacle Hills in Mesa, Arizona where he had lived with Respondent Spouse when they were married. (Tr. at p. 49-50) (Ex. S-5)
- 27. During Mr. Bradford's EUO, he testified that he had written a check to Respondent Spouse from the FPS Scottrade account in the name of Cindy Bradford for \$6,000 purportedly for tax planning. (Tr. at p. 51) (Ex. S-5)
- 28. Further during Mr. Bradford's EUO, Mr. Bradford identified a check in the amount of \$2,000 from the Scottrade account which had been used to pay a firm to decorate an office in the residence on Pinnacle Hills where Mr. Bradford and Respondent Spouse had resided. (Tr. at p. 52) (Ex. S-5)
- 29. While testifying during his EUO, Mr. Bradford indicated that he had deposited monies from the Scottrade account into his personal checking account at Wells Fargo and transferred a portion of these funds electronically to Respondent Spouse. (Tr. at p. 53) (Ex. S-5)
- 30. According to Mr. Baran, investors told him that the funds which Mr. Bradford received from them were only to be used for investment purposes. (Tr. at p. 53)
- 31. Based on the record, it was established that on September 5, 2007, Mr. Bradford wrote an FPS check from the Scottrade account to Respondent Spouse, in the amount of \$11,000. Subsequently, Respondent Spouse deposited it, and on September 24, 2007, wrote a check for \$10,000 which was applied as an earnest money payment on the house which they had been renting, at 3963 N. Pinnacle Hills in Mesa, Arizona from her personal Wells Fargo account. At the time, Respondent Spouse and Mr. Bradford were in the process of purchasing the home in the name of Barracuda Group, LLC ("Barracuda"), which was purportedly another hedge fund established in

January 2005 by Mr. Bradford, according to Commission records. (Ex. R-11)

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32. Based on Mr. Baran's investigation, he determined that Mr. Bradford was paying for personal living expenses from the FPS account at Scottrade. (Tr. at p. 73)

4 5 33. As the Division's accounting expert, Mr. Fink reviewed the financial records pertaining to FPS, its Scottrade account and also the records pertaining to the personal bank accounts

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of Mr. Bradford and Respondent Spouse at Wells Fargo Bank. (Tr. at p. 80)

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accounts for Respondent Spouse in the name of Cindy Bradford, one for checking and one for

The Division's accountant reviewed one personal account for Mr. Bradford and two

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35. Mr. Fink referred to Exhibit S-9 which he had prepared to analyze the flow of investor

savings, for the relevant timeframe of March 2006 through November 2007. (Tr. at p. 80)

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funds through the Scottrade account of FPS to determine the sources for the deposits that were made

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into the personal bank accounts of Mr. Bradford and Respondent Spouse. According to Mr. Fink, he

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found that there were six investors in Mr. Bradford's FPS fund which had been established at

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Scottrade. The total amount received from investors amounted to \$1,298,416 and represented 100

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36. Mr. Fink testified that there were specific disbursements from the FPS Scottrade

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account totaling \$174,525 to Mr. Bradford and that Mr. Bradford signed and made out four FPS

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checks to Respondent Spouse totaling \$21,200. (Tr. at p. 83)

design firm for a home office. (Tr. at p. 83 and 84)

percent of the amount deposited into the account. (Tr. at p. 82)

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\$9,384 were related to the rental of the home on Pinnacle Hills in Mesa where Mr. Bradford and

Additionally, Mr. Fink verified that two payments from the FPS account totaling

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Respondent Spouse had resided and that one check was for \$2,000 and made payable to an interior

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23 38. Mr. Fink's analysis established that Mr. Bradford had disbursed \$297,109 by check

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from the FPS account and that Mr. Bradford lost \$1,001,243 due to his trading activities conducted in

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the account with Scottrade. As of November 30, 2007, the remaining balance in the FPS Scottrade

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account was \$64. (Tr. at p. 84)

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39. Mr. Fink testified that his analysis of Mr. Bradford's Wells Fargo account during the relevant timeframe showed total deposits into the account of \$234,652, of which sum \$174,525 came

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totaling \$1,298,416. He noted that one investor, Allen Powell, had been repaid \$70,000, so that the

net amount of restitution which is due investors was determined to be \$1,228,416. (Tr. at p. 95) (Ex.

prepared based on the six investors in Mr. Bradford's FPS fund that had been invested at Scottrade

47. Testifying further, Mr. Fink described how an early investor who had invested

- from the FPS account at Scottrade, along with another \$15,000 from three of the investors who paid Mr. Bradford entry fees representing a two percent fee of their investments to join the fund. (Tr. at p.
- 40. Mr. Fink's analysis also reflected the fact that a deposit of \$6,000 from Respondent Spouse was also made into Mr. Bradford's personal checking account at Wells Fargo during the relevant timeframe. (Tr. at p. 87)
- Mr. Fink testified further that Respondent Spouse's Wells Fargo account had deposits made to it by Mr. Bradford totaling \$34,820 and checks were deposited into this account from the FPS account totaling \$21,200 signed by Mr. Bradford during the relevant timeframe. (Tr. at p. 87) These deposits totaled over 70 percent of the deposits made into Respondent Spouse's Wells Fargo checking account during this period. (Tr. at p. 88)
- 42. Further, during the relevant timeframe, Mr. Fink stated that monies were commingled among all three accounts the two Wells Fargo checking accounts and the FPS account. (Tr. at p. 89)
- 43. Additionally, Mr. Fink stated that if an individual check contained a memo he noted it in his analysis reflecting what the memo and/or on-line transfer indicated such as "groceries" or "pay my credit cards." (Tr. at p. 91)
- 44. Mr. Fink further testified that Mr. Bradford's personal account was utilized to pay such items as the house rental, payments for groceries, and various other expenses such as the transfers which Mr. Bradford had made to Respondent Spouse's checking account. (Tr. at p. 92)
- 45. Mr. Fink also noted that Respondent Spouse used her checking account for payments of a similar nature to Mr. Bradford's, making payments for auto insurance, groceries, restaurants, a number of retail establishments and auto fuel. (Tr. at p. 94)

In concluding his testimony, Mr. Fink described a restitution analysis which he had

\$250,000 in March 2006 in the FPS fund received a partial repayment of \$70,000 in August 2007 from Mr. Bradford who utilized the funds of a later investor who had just invested \$250,000 in FPS five days earlier. (Tr. at p. 108)

- 48. Respondent Spouse testified that although Mr. Bradford wrote one check to her from the FPS Scottrade account for \$1,800 with a memo for "accting" and another FPS check was written to her for \$6,000 with a memo for "tax planning," she did not have any accounting or tax planning degrees or experience in either area. (Tr. at p. 117 and 118)
- 49. Respondent Spouse further testified that when she sold a house in 2005 which she had owned prior to her marriage with Mr. Bradford and made a \$76,000 profit, she wrote a check to Mr. Bradford on May 31, 2005, for \$42,000 for as she stated, "because we were starting the Barracuda Group, LLC." (Tr. at p. 120)
- 50. According to Respondent Spouse, in 2006 Mr. Bradford had been working at Allied Mortgage and earned \$3,000. Subsequently, he formed FPS as a way to make a living and money for their retirement. (Tr. at p. 122)
- 51. Respondent Spouse maintained that she was making enough money in 2006 to pay both her and Mr. Bradford's bills and she did not know whether he was drawing any money from FPS. (Tr. at p. 123)
- 52. According to Respondent spouse, during 2006 she made approximately \$31,000 selling software. (Tr. at p. 126)
- 53. Respondent Spouse testified that while Mr. Bradford told her that he was working with T. Boone Pickens in the Marlin Fund while working to develop FPS in 2006, he really was not working with Mr. Pickens. (Tr. at p. 126)
- 54. While testifying, Respondent Spouse acknowledged that she had received checks written on the FPS account. (Tr. at p. 127)
- 55. Subsequently, Respondent Spouse admitted that aside from the FPS check for \$11,000 which was used by her to pay the \$10,000 down payment on the home in Mesa, the balance of the FPS checks totaling \$21,200 were deposited into her Wells Fargo checking account to pay other bills and regular expenses. (Tr. at p. 128)

56. Respondent Spouse stated that during the balance of 2006 and 2007 she resided with Mr. Bradford on North Port Drive in Gilbert in a condominium which they rented for \$950 a month. (Tr. at p. 129)

- 57. When Respondent spouse and Mr. Bradford moved into the home on Pinnacle Hills in Mesa in mid-October 2007, she testified that Mr. Bradford had been telling the investors in FPS and her that he was traveling to Texas when, in fact, he was living with another woman, Vivian Harper, "at 93 W. Kiowa," and "was really living two lives." Respondent Spouse first learned of Mr. Bradford's double life on November 26, 2007, during a phone call with Ms. Harper. (Tr. at p. 131)
- 58. Respondent Spouse testified that Ms. Harper told her that she was Mr. Bradford's girlfriend, and that he had been living with her for a year and a half. (Tr. at p. 143)
- 59. At that point, Respondent Spouse "realized that there was no T. Boone Pickens... and no money" and she had to move out of the house on Pinnacle Hills in Mesa in three days. (Tr. at p. 143)⁴
- 60. Respondent Spouse testified that she is requesting that the Commission set aside Decision No. 70544 and to find that the marital community is not liable for the violations of the Act and IM Act committed by Mr. Bradford as found by the Commission in Decision No. 70545. She argues that, pursuant to the Decree, Mr. Bradford is to pay and assume sole responsibility for and indemnify and hold her harmless from all debts incurred by him alone which specifically included Barracuda and FPS.
- 61. Respondent Spouse cited A.R.S. § 44-2031(C) arguing that the Commission is not required to join the spouse but could use its discretion to decide whether to join a spouse in an action for alleged violations of the Act.⁵
- 62. According to Respondent Spouse, she gave Mr. Bradford approximately \$125,000 between 2005 and 2007, and when Mr. Bradford gave her money, she believed that he was returning her own funds to her. (Tr. at p. 140)

Mr. Bradford had also written an FPS check in the amount of \$20,000 to Ms. Harper during the relevant timeframe.
 Shortly thereafter, Respondent Spouse contacted the police about Mr. Bradford's unlawful actions turning over his laptop and cooperating during the investigation by the Division.

⁵ Respondent did not reference the relevant section of the IM Act, A.R.S. § 44-3291(C).

- 63. Respondent Spouse admitted that she did not perform any work for FPS and did not question Mr. Bradford when given checks by him from the FPS account because she trusted him and he told her that he was transferring money from Barracuda to "here and there." (Tr. at p. 142)
- 64. Respondent Spouse called an additional witness in the proceeding, Ms. Vivian Harper. Ms. Harper confirmed that she had identified herself to Respondent Spouse in November 2007 as Mr. Bradford's girlfriend. At the time, Ms. Harper believed Mr. Bradford was separated and had gotten divorced. (Tr. at p. 146)

Analysis

- 65. Pursuant to Article VI § 14 of the Arizona Constitution, the Superior Court shall have original jurisdiction of matters related to divorce and for annulment of marriage.
- 66. Both the Act and the IM Act at A.R.S. §§ 44-2031 (C) and 44-3291(C), respectively, empower the Commission as follows: "The Commission may join the spouse in any action authorized by this chapter to determine the liability of the marital community."
- 67. By these statutes, the Arizona Legislature has provided the Commission with the authority to join the spouse of an alleged violator of the Act or IM Act to determine liability of the marital community in one proceeding. However, on their face, the authority appears to be a discretionary act and not one mandated by law. Additionally, the laws are silent on any apportionment of the liability of the Marital Community and, therefore, this authority must lie with the Superior Court as set forth in the Arizona Constitution.
- 68. Further, since the laws allow for the inclusion of a spouse, he/she is provided with an opportunity for due process so that the issues can be decided in one proceeding without needless duplications litigation.
- 69. In the closing brief filed on Respondent Spouse's behalf, it was argued that the marital community did not exist as of the date of the Notice in this proceeding and that it had ceased as of the date of the Decree, March 3, 2008. It was further argued that the Commission did not have the power to name Respondent Spouse in the Notice, and that the Commission was not required to name her in the Notice.
 - 70. It was also argued on behalf of Respondent Spouse that A.R.S. § 25-215 only governs

.28 the spouses' liability for community and separate debts for spouses who are still married and for debts collected while the spouses remained married, citing *Community Guardian v. Hamlin*, 182 Ariz. 627, 630, 898 P2d 1005, 1008 (App. 1995) ("Community Guardian").

- 71. Respondent Spouse further argued that neither A.R.S. § 44-2031(C) nor A.R.S. § 44-3291(C) authorize the Division to name an ex-spouse to impose liability on the post-divorce separate property of the ex-spouse. It was further argued that since Respondent Spouse and Mr. Bradford had been divorced as of the date of the Notice there was no longer a marital community on which liability could be imposed and that nothing in the language of A.R.S. § 44-2031(C) and A.R.S. § 44-3291(C) suggests or grants the Commission authority to name an ex-spouse or grants the Commission jurisdiction to adjudicate the alleged liability of a former spouse.
- 72. The Division argued that Respondent Spouse has the burden to show by clear and convincing evidence that Mr. Bradford was not acting in furtherance of the marital community and that the marital community did not benefit from his actions.
- 73. While it is not disputed that Respondent Spouse earned some funds during the relevant timeframe, it is also equally clear that she admittedly received \$21,200 directly from the FPS account at Scottrade for which no services were performed and that she received \$34,820 from Mr. Bradford who had transferred funds to her Wells Fargo checking account using invested monies. (Ex. S-9)
- 74. Based on the record, Respondent Spouse failed to produce clear and convincing evidence to rebut the Division's evidence that the marital community was the beneficiary of Mr. Bradford's actions in violation of the Act and IM Act. As illustrated by the Division, the monies received from the FPS investors, \$189,525, represented over 80 percent of the total deposits into Mr. Bradford's Wells Fargo account during the relevant timeframe. Thereafter, Mr. Bradford made numerous disbursements from March 2006 until November 2007, including over 70 percent (approximately \$56,000) of the total funds (\$76,570) which were deposited into Respondent Spouse's checking account during the relevant timeframe.
- 75. Even though Respondent Spouse claimed to have given \$42,000 to Mr. Bradford for the startup of Barracuda, and that the monies coming back to her from Mr. Bradford were believed to be reimbursements, there was no documentation to support her claim of separate property and the

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funds had become so commingled at that point they had become a part of the community.

- 76. The Division in its brief argued that the marital community existed at all relevant times, pointing out that pursuant to A.R.S. § 25-211, all property acquired by either husband or wife during the marriage is the community property of the husband and wife except for property that is acquired by gift, devise, descent or is acquired after service of a petition for dissolution of marriage, legal separation or annulment if the petition results in a decree of dissolution of marriage, legal separation or annulment. The Division further argued that pursuant to A.R.S. § 25-214(B), that during marriage that both spouses had equal control over community property and equal power to bind the community. Additionally, the Division argued that pursuant to A.R.S. § 25-215(D), either spouse may contract debts and otherwise act for the benefit of the community. Further, there is no evidence that the marital community had ceased to exist even when the spouses were living apart from time to time during their marriage.
- 77. The Division further argued that the Commission, by providing the Respondent Spouse with a hearing to refute her earlier-signed Consent Order which resulted in Decision No. 70544, has provided Respondent Spouse with due process and an opportunity to rebut the allegations that Mr. Bradford was acting in furtherance of the marital community as found in Decision No. 70545. However, her evidence did not rise to a level which would rebut the Division's evidence that the marital community benefited from Mr. Bradford's activities which have been found in violation of the Act and the IM Act.
- 78. Mr. Bradford was acting to benefit the marital community during the relevant timeframe even if Respondent Spouse was unaware of Mr. Bradford's activities, as was argued here, based on *Ellsworth v. Ellsworth*, 5 Ariz. App. 89, 92, 423 P.2d 364, 367 (Ariz. Ct. App. 1967), as cited by the Division, the marital community is still liable.
- 79. As was stated by the Division in its brief, Respondent Spouse was required to be joined in the Commission's action by the Division to obtain personal jurisdiction over her in order to afford her due process and to insure that the Commission could obtain an enforceable judgment if the evidence presented at hearing supported the allegations in the Notice. The Division further examined the problems resulting from the doctrines of *res judicata* and collateral estoppel to avoid the problem

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of duplicative litigation. Since the Commission acts in a quasi-judicial manner, matters which could have been litigated during an administrative hearing such as whether the marital community should be held liable could be barred in subsequent proceedings if the matter could have been litigated before the Commission as has been done here.

- 79. The Division concluded its argument by stating that Respondent Spouse has the right to return to Superior Court to obtain relief from the Commission's action by seeking indemnification from Mr. Bradford consistent with the Decree issued on March 3, 2008, that is only binding between Mr. Bradford and Respondent Spouse wherein Mr. Bradford is to pay all debts incurred by him alone related to FPS and Barracuda. It was further argued by the Division that the State of Arizona stands in the place of a third party creditor and it is not bound by the terms of the Decree, and may pursue collection from both spouses jointly since the Decree is only binding between Mr. Bradford and Respondent Spouse, citing Community Guardian Bank v. Hamlin, 182 Ariz. 627, 631, 898 P.2d 1005, 1009 (Ariz. Ct. App 1995).
- 80. Based on the record, it is established that during the relevant timeframe, Mr. Bradford and Respondent Spouse were married and residents of Arizona. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 25-214(B), "The spouses have equal management, control and disposition rights over their community property and have equal power to bind the community." Additionally, pursuant to A.R.S. § 25-215 (D), "Except as prohibited in § 25-214, either spouse may contract debts and otherwise act for the benefit of the community." The Division argued that during the relevant timeframe, Mr. Bradford violated the Act and the IM Act as found in Decision No. 70545, and therefore the marital community should be found liable.
- 81. Under the circumstances, after considering all of the evidence in this proceeding and reviewing the applicable law, the legislative intent was clear that the legislature intended to give the Commission authority to determine whether the marital community should be held liable in an action for alleged violations of the Act or the IM Act. Further, we find that Respondent Spouse failed to meet her burden of proof to show by clear and convincing evidence that the marital community did not benefit from Mr. Bradford's violations of the Act and the IM Act. Therefore, based on the evidence in this proceeding, we find that the marital community should be held liable for Mr.

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Bradford's violations of the Act and the IM Act as found in Decision No. 70545. However, we make no finding with respect to the allocation of this marital obligation, leaving that to the Superior Court, the court of competent jurisdiction.⁶ Therefore, we shall vacate Decision No. 70544 and our prior Order in this matter since Ms. White withdrew her earlier consent, but in its place will issue this Decision which shall hold the marital community liable.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Commission has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Article XV of the Arizona Constitution and A.R.S. §§ 44-1801, et seq. and 44-3101, et seq.
- 2. Pursuant to A.A.C. R14-3-112, the Commission may grant rehearings in Securities proceedings.
 - 3. Decision No. 70544 should be vacated.
- 4. The marital community should be held liable for the violation of the Act and the IM Act by Mr. Bradford and consistent with the Order of restitution and administrative penalty ordered in Decision No.70545.

ORDER

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that pursuant to A.A.C. R14-3-112, Decision No. 70544 shall be vacated.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the marital community of Respondent Richard Bradford and Respondent Spouse shall be held liable for the violations of the Securities Act and the Investment Management Act by Respondent Richard Bradford as it relates to the Orders of restitution of \$1,298,416 and the administrative penalty of \$100,000 consistent with those found in Decision No. 70545, with said restitution and administrative penalty to be paid jointly and severally by Respondents.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to the authority granted to the Commission under A.R.S. § 44-2032 and A.R.S. § 44-3292, that said restitution shall be made pursuant to A.A.C. 14-4-308, subject to legal set-offs by the Respondents and confirmed by the Director of Securities, said

⁶ We note that Community Guardian is not consistent with the facts of this case as here since Respondent Spouse was divorced prior to the Notice and Decision No. 70545.

restitution to be made within 60 days of the effective date of this Decision.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-2032 and 44-3292 that any amount of restitution outstanding shall accrue interest at the rate of 10 percent per annum from the date of this Order until paid in full. Payment shall be made to the "State of Arizona" to be placed in an interest-bearing account controlled by the Commission. The Commission shall disburse the funds on a pro-rata basis to investors shown on the records of the Commission. Any restitution funds that the Commission cannot disburse because an investor refuses to accept such payment shall be disbursed on a pro-rata basis to the remaining investors shown on the records of the Commission. Any funds that the Commission determines it is unable to or cannot feasibly disburse shall be transferred to the general fund of the state of Arizona.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to A.R.S. §§ 44-2036 and 44-3296 that any amount outstanding for the administrative penalty shall accrue interest at the rate of 10 percent per annum from the date of this Order until paid in full. Payment shall be made to the "State of Arizona" within 60 days of this Order. The payment obligations for this administrative penalty shall be subordinate to any restitution obligations ordered herein and shall become immediately due and payable only after restitution payments have been paid in full or upon Respondents' default with respect to Respondents' restitution obligations.

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1	IT IS FURTHER ORDER	ED that for purposes of this Order, a b	ankruptcy filing by					
2	Respondent Spouse shall be an act of default. If Respondent Spouse does not comply with this							
3	Order, any outstanding balance may be deemed in default and shall be immediately due and payable.							
4	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Decision shall become effective immediately.							
5	BY ORDER OF THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION.							
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8	CHAIRMAN		COMMISSIONER					
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10	COMMISSIONER	COMMISSIONER	COMMISSIONER					
11		IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I, ERNES	MOZIMUOI & TS					
12		Executive Director of the Arizona Corpo have hereunto set my hand and caused the	oration Commission,					
13		Commission to be affixed at the Capitol, in this day of, 20:	the City of Phoenix.					
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16		ERNEST G. JOHNSON EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR						
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DECISION NO. ____

1	SERVICE LIST FOR:	RICHARD BRADFORD AKA CINDY WHITE	AND	CINDY	BRADFORI
2	DOCKET NO.:	S-20605A-08-0377			
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Scott S. Wakefield RIDENOUR, HIENTON & LEWIS, P.L.L. 201 North Central Avenue, Suite 3300 Phoenix, AZ 84004-1052 Attorneys for Respondent Cindy White Cindy L. White 3134 South Market Place, No. 1051 Gilbert AZ 85295 Matt Neubert, Director Securities Division ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSIO	C.			
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